

NOTE: The numbers after the entries will locate the entries in the *AMWA Journal*. For example, 2006;21(2):78 is read as the year 2006, Volume 21, No. 2, page 78. Some entries in italics are words taken verbatim from the column. This continuing Index, which can be found under the *AMWA Journal* section of the AMWA home page, currently covers Volume 1, No. 1, 1986, to Volume 24, No. 2, 2009, inclusive. **Entries are added to this Index as each issue is published.**

A

A and *the*

and nonnative speakers of English, 1997;12(1):44
pronunciation of, 2008;23(2):88
usage of, 1993;8(4):155, 2005;20(4):186

A number and verb, the total. *See also* A and the, 2005;20(1):36

Abbreviations

day abbreviated to *d*, 2003;18(1):26
initialisms, acronyms, mnemonic aids, 2008;23(4):189–190
periods used in, 126–127, 1994;9(1):34–35, 1994;9(2):79, 2002;17(2):34,
2003;18(3):125
necessary for preciseness, 1998;13(2):52–53
periods used in Latin abbreviations, 1997;12(2):32, 2000;15(2):39–40
pharmaceutical designations, 1994;9(1):34–35, 2003;18(3):127
plurals of, 1992;7(3):37
second-, third- and fourth-order abbreviations, 1992;7(2):38–39
state names, 1988;3(4):32

Absolute construction, absolutes, 2006;21(2):77–78, 2007; 22(2):88

interestingly at beginning of sentence, 2006;21(4):170

more important, more importantly, 1987;2(2):16

Absolute constructions, 2000;15(4):44–45

Absorb, adsorb, 2001;16(3):34

Abstractions, plural and singular, 2002;17(3):38, 2004;19(2):34

Abstracts, reference lists, retrievable, 2003;18(1):21

Academic and honorary degree designations

in Canada, 1993;8(3):113

order for listing of, 1991;6(3):31

spelling of, 2003;18(3):125

Accent and diacritical marks, 1997;12(1):42–43

Acronyms, acrostics, mnemonic aids, 2008;23(4):189–190

Active vs. passive voice, 1987;2(5):28, 1993;8(1):34–35

Acuity, misuse of, 2001;16(4):44–45

Adapt to, accommodate, 1999;14(4):39

Adjectival modifiers, compound

compound adjective modifying a noun, 1988;3(3):28

hyphen not used after an adverb ending in *-ly*, 1987;2(4):38

Adjectives

blinded and *unblinded*, 1994;9(2):79–80

compound adjectives with a noun as first element, 1988;3(1):27

disease names used to describe patients, 2004;19(4):126, 2005;20(2):95

fractions with hyphens as adjectives, 2000;15(3):46

only as adjective and as adverb, 2002;17(3):36–37

used as nouns, 2008;23(3):141

vestigial tails in adjectives, 138, 1997;12(3):38, 2007; 22(3):137

Adjuvant, adjunctive, 1994;9(4):170–171

Adverbs. *See also* Absolute constructions

hopefully, importantly, 1987;2(4):37

not all adverbs end in *-ly*; not all *-ly* words are adverbs, 2002;17(1):37–38

only as adjective and as adverb, 2002;17(3):36–37

placement of, 2002;17(2):35, 2003;18(2):84–85

Adverse events, adverse effects, side effects, 2002;17(3):37, 2003;18(1):23–24,
2003;18(2):85

Aesculapius, staff of. *See also* Caduceus, 1998;13(1):42–43

Affect, effect, 2007;22(2):88

Affirmative or negative clauses, use of commas, 2004;19(1):36

African American. *See also* Ethnicity or race, 2005;20(2):96–97

Age and sex referents in *AMAMS*, 2002;17(1):36

AIDS

uncap in spelled-out text, 2008;23(4):190

All right, allright, alright, 2001;16(4):44

Alpha, alfa, 2002;17(3):38

Also, location with *were*, 2003;18(2):84–85

Alternate, alternative, 2003;18(4):191

Alzheimer's disease, with or without apostrophe, 1999;14(3):39

AMAMS. *See American Medical Association Manual of Style*

Ambiguity, rewording sentences to avoid. *See also* Hyphenation

adverbs modifying compound adjective, 2004;19(3):127

each, both; formulations, configurations; would, would like, 2000;15(1):37

Ameliorist, 2005;20(4):187

American Medical Association Manual of Style, AMAMS. *See also* Style manuals,
2001;16(4):43

American Medical Association Manual of Style (AMAMS), 2002;17(1):36,
2003;18(3):125–126

Americans, United States and Canadian residents, 2008;23(2):86

Amerinds, 2001;16(3):35

Amitriptyline, spelling of, 2002;17(2):37

Among, between, 1986;1(1):27, 1995;10(2):103, 2006;21(2):77

Amountables, with singular verb
money, inches, 1999;14(2):39

And, also, 1999;14(2):38

And/or, 2000;15(3):45

And/or: reasons to avoid using, 2003;18(2):83–84

Animals killed, sacrificed, humanely killed, 1989;4(2):42, 1989;4(4):31–32,
1990;5(2):30–31

Antonym, search for, 1990;5(4):27

Apartheid, 2006;21(4):169–170

APGAR score, 2008;23(4):190

Apostrophes. *See also* Commas; Punctuation

- apostrophes and *s* to make plurals for numbers and letters, 2001;16(1):40
- apostrophes and *s* to pluralize numbers and letters, 1987;2(3):32
- do not use with eponymous terms such as *Alzheimer's disease*, 1999;14(3):39,
2002;17(4):57
- dropped from name American Medical Writers Association, 2001;16(3):33,
2001;16(4):43
- eponymous terms, 1986–87;1(2):32
- with plural forms, 2007; 22(2): 87

Arbitrary, as applied to editors and editing, 1994;9(2):78

Archived, archival, 2006;21(1):36

Arguably, 1991;6(1):31

Articles, definite and indefinite. *See also* A and the, 2005;20(4):186

Asimov, Isaac

- the fourth book in *The Foundation* trilogy, 2002;17(3):40
- germ theory of disease* and Louis Pasteur, 1997;12(2):34
- quotations, 1996;11(1):49, 1997;12(2):34

At sign, or *amphora*, 2000;15(4):44, 2001;16(4):42–43

Attendee and *ee* word endings, 2002;17(2):37–38

Attender, and the Religious Society of Friends (Quakers), 2002;17(4):59–60

Author as verb, 1990;5(2):30

Authors, citation of

- groups of names, 1997;12(2):32
- names misspelled, 2008;23(3):140–141

Autologous, autogenous, exogenous, 1997;12(2):33–34
Axilla, axillae, 2000;15(3):46

B

Bacteria, always plural, 2001;16(2):36–37
Barbarisms, laziness, and ignorance in word usage. *See also* Verbs
impacting, and other substandard or nonstandard words, 1989;4(4):32
incent and *incenter* as solecisms, 1997;12(1):44
misuse of verbs, and mispronunciations, 2003;18(1):22–23
moreso, 2002;17(4):60
serious writing and *common parlance*, the lazy choice, 1994;(2):78–79
surgerized, surgerization, 1996;11(2):67
Based on, on the basis of, 2006;21(2):77–78, 2007; 22(2): 87–88
Before, prior to, 2003;18(4):192
Beg, begging the question, miscomprehension of, 2002;17(3):39
Berlitz, Charles, language and the bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki,
1987;2(1):25
Between, among, 2003;18(4):191, 2004;19(2):34, 2006;21(2):77
Bi-, confusion in meanings, 1987;2(2):15–16
Birth, delivery, attend, misuse of, 1996;11(1):48
Blinded and unblinded, 1994;9(2):79–80
Blinded study, masked assignment, 2004;19(2):33
Bloopers in print
coma, comma, 1994;9(1):35
double negative, 1994;9(1):35
essay, assay, 2008;23(2):87
Board-certified, 1997;12(3):38–39
Brevity: the soul of wit, science and, sometimes, chutzpah, 2000;15(4):45–46
British spelling compared with American spelling, 2002;17(1):38
Bullets and bulleted lists, 2003;18(1):24–25, 2005;20(4):188
By contrast, in contrast, 2000;15(4):44–45
By means of, via, 2007;22(1):35

C

Caduceus. *See* Aesculapius, staff of
Camaraderie, misspelling of, 1991;6(1):32
Cape Coloured in South Africa, 2006;21(4):169–170
Capitalization. *See also* Uppercase
dog breed names, 2001;16(1):42–43
Capitalization. *See also* Upper-case

e-mail, 1999;14(4):40
historical or cultural time periods or events, 2005;20(3):140
initial-cap and italicization of publication names, 1990;5(3):48
initial-cap decisions and editorial judgment, 2006;21(1):35–36
Internet-based company names, 2000;15(3):43
Netherlands, the, 1992;7(1):39–40
The or *the* with publications' names, 1999;14(3):39–40
parts of a compound, hyphenated term, 2005;20(3):142–143
parts of a fused verb, 2005;20(3):142–143
trade names, 1990;5(4):27–28
Capsulorrhexis, 1998;13(3):54
Cardioprotection as a new word, 2003;18(2):85
Carmine red, *cherry red*, other colors, 1996;11(2):68
Caesarian section, delivery, 1996;11(1):48
Chairman, *chair*, *chairperson*, *chairlady*, 2000;15(1):39
Chicago Manual of Style, 2001;16(1):40
Child psychiatrist, idiom, 2008;23(3):141
Chinese modern Pinyin designations and spellings, 1989;4(2):44
Chinese translators and punctuation, 2008;23(2):86–87
Citations
 drug names: proprietary, generic, OTC, 2002;17(4):59
 hyphenated first names, citations using initials only, 1997;12(1):43
 manufacturers' drug names, 2006;21(3):126
 of names, 2001;16(2):37–38
Clarity in writing, 2003;18(2):84–85
Close, *closely*, 2002;17(1):37–38
Commas. *See also* Apostrophes; Punctuation
 affirmative or negative clauses, 2004;19(1):36
 commas after academic degrees, dates, and names of states, 2006;21(2):80
 compound predicates, 1988;3(4):32
 editorial judgment and rhythm of the sentence, 2005;20(2):95
 second comma after nouns in apposition, 1991;6(1):31
 serial, or terminal comma, 2003;18(2):84–85, 2003;18(4):188–189
 written with dates, 1991;6(3):30
Compare *to*, compare *with*, 1987;2(3):32–33, 1989;4(3):31–32, 1999;14(3):40
 parallel construction, 1991;6(2):39
Compliance
 to, with, 2008;23(4):190
Comply or *compliance*; *adhere* or *adherence*, 1994;9(1):34
Comprise, compose, 2008;23(1):32–33

Coronary artery disease. *See* Heart disease terminology

Couple as adjective, 2007;22(4):199

Cranial nerves, mnemonic for names of, 1991;6(4):40

Cursors are aptly named, 1997;12(1):44

D

Dais, lectern, podium, 2008;23(3):139

Dangling modifiers, 1987;2(5):28

Dashes, *en* and *em*. *See also* Hyphens, 2001;16(4):43, 2003;18(3):124

Data, media, 2002;17(3):35–36

Day abbreviated to *d*, 2003;18(1):26

Decisions, to *make* or *take*, 2004;19(1):36

Degrees. *See* Academic degrees

Deliver, give birth. *See* *Birth, delivery, attend*

Demographics, 2001;16(1):40–41

Derby, 1993;8(4):156, 1994;(2):78

Develop, developed (patients and disease conditions), 2006;21(1):35

Develop (patients and disease conditions), 1993;8(4):155–156

Diabetes, diabetic, disease names used to describe patients, 2004;19(4):181,
2005;20(2):95–96

Diabetes, diabetics *See* Disease names

Diacritical and accent marks, 1997;12(1):42–43

Diagnose misused in writing, 1987;2(5):28

Dictionaries and usage references, 2002;17(4):58–59

Die of, die from, 2001;16(2):36–37, 2003;18(1):25–26

Different from, different than, 1990;5(4):28, 2000;15(3):45–46

Dingbats, typographic symbols, 2000;15(4):44

Disabilities

sources for terms to refer to people with, 1993;8(1):34

terms to refer to people with, 1990;5(3):48

Disease names used to describe patients, 127, 2004;19(3):126

Disease names used to describe patients, *e.g.* diabetes, diabetic, 2004;19(4):181,
2005;20(2):95–96

Divertissements and bagatelles, 1996;11(1):48–49

Doctors visits, 2004;19(1):38

Dog breed names, capitalization of, 2001;16(1):42–43

Dosing, 2006;21(1):34–35

Drug approval dates, publication of, 2007; 22(3):137–138

Drug names

finding, referencing manufacturers' names, 2006;21(3):126

proprietary, generic, OTC., 2002;17(4):59
USP Dictionary of USAN and International Drug Names, 2002;17(3):38

E

- Each, both*, 2000;15(2):42
Echt words, 1990;5(4):27, 1991;6(2):39–40
Effect, affect, 2007;22(2):88
E.g. (exempli gratia); i.e. (id est), 1991;6(1):32
E-mail terminology, use of hyphen, 2007; 22(4):198
E-mail usage, 1999;14(3):40
Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) and paramedic, 2002;17(2):36,
2002;17(4):57–58
End point, endpoint, 2000;15(3):47
English, nonnative speakers of
 a and *the*, 1997;12(1):44
 audience for medical articles, 1993;8(3):113
English pronunciation and G. B. Shaw, 2005;20(2):97
English usage and abuse. *See also* Barbarisms; Grammar; Idiom; Jargon;
 Neologisms
 a and *the*
 and nonnative speakers of English, 1997;12(1):44
 pronunciation of, 2008;23(2):88, 2008;23(3):139
 usage of, 2005;20(4):186
 between, among, 2003;18(4):191, 2004;19(2):34, 2006;21(2):77
 acuity, misuse of, 2001;16(4):44–45
 adverbs, 2002;17(1):37–38
 all right, allright, alright, 2001;16(4):44
 Americans and Canadians, 2008;23(2):86
 Amerinds, 2001;16(3):35
 among, between, 1986;1(1):27, 2006;21(2):77
 and/or, 2003;18(2):83–84
 attendee, *ee* word endings, 2002;17(2):37–38
 back-formations, 1996;11(2):67
 British and American usage, 2004;19(4):179
 capitalization of historical or cultural time periods or events, 2005;20(3):140
 capitalizing *The* with publication names, 1999;14(3):39–40
 collective nouns, 2001;16(3):33
 comprise, 2008;23(1):32–33
 decisions, to *make* or *take*, 2004;19(1):36
 develop (patients and disease conditions), 2006;21(1):35

die of, die from, 2001;16(2):36–37
 errors and laziness, 2003;18(1):22–23
-fold used with numerals, 2004;19(1):38, 2005;20(1):35
following, after, 2003;18(1):24–25
gender, sex, 1988;3(4):32, 1999;14(2):38–39, 2002;17(1):36–37
harass, centered on, freelance, usage notes regarding, 1988;3(1):27
have, do, 2001;16(2):36–37
 HIV terminology, 2004;19(1):39
hopefully, importantly, other adverbs at beginning of a sentence, 1987;2(4):37
interestingly, obviously, 2007; 22(3):138
Junk English, 2003;18(1):22–23
male/female, man/woman terminology, 2002;17(1):36–37
mavens, mavunim, 2004;19(1):38–39
by means of, via, 2007;22(1):35
 misuse of *-ologies*, 2001;16(1):40–41
 numerals in text, 2003;18(1):26–27
 prefix *in-*, negates or intensifies meaning, 2008;23(2):87
 prepositions, 2001;16(2):37–38, 2002;17(1):37, 2004;19(4):128
prevalence and incidence, 2006;21(3):124–125
 progression of compound terms, to hyphenation, to a single word,
 1995;10(2):102–103
 questions for usage mavens (jokes), 2000;15(3):47
 redundancies and spontaneity in spoken English, 2001;16(3):32
 redundancies in writing: *in order to, in conjunction with*, 2003;18(2):83
risk of, risk for, 2001;16(2):37–38, 2005;20(3):141
salient and relevant, 2006;21(3):125–126
self, reflexive, intensive, 2003;18(3):127
 serious writing and *common parlance*, 1994;(2):78–79
therapy failed, patient failed therapy, 2001;16(4):44
 transplant, transplantation, 2008;23(1):31
using, as participle, 1993;8(1):34–35, 2001;16(1):43

Eponymous terms

possessives, 1986–87;1(2):32, 2002;17(4):57, 2004;17(4):57
 precise terms, 1999;14(3):39

Ethnicity, race, 2003;18(4):189–191

Euphemisms

animals *killed, sacrificed, euthanized, humanely killed*, 1989;4(2):42,
 1989;4(4):31–32, 1990;5(2):30–31, 1994;9(4):170
 indiscriminate substitution of *gender* for *sex*, 1992;7(3):36–37
 people with disabilities, 1990;5(3):48

Evaluable, evaluate, 2001;16(1):42
Evaluable, randomizable, 1991;6(4):38
Evans, Bergen and Cornelia Evans
Dictionary of Contemporary Usage, idiom, 2008;23(3):141
Exogenous, autologous, autogenous, 1997;12(2):33–34

F

Famous last words, 2001;16(2):38
Fellow designations, 1993;8(3):113–114
Fellow designations following names, 1994;(2):78–79
Female/male, man/woman. *See Male/female, man/woman* terminology, 2002;17(1):36–37
Fewer, less, 1991;6(3):31–32, 1999;14(2):38–39, 2000;15(1):37–38, 2003;18(1):21–22, 2003;18(2):84
plural or singular verbs used with amounts, 1992;7(2):39
Figures and graphs, legends for, 1993;8(3):113
-fold means an increase, 2004;19(1):38
Following, after, 2003;18(1):24–25
For, of, and use of prepositions, 2002;17(1):37
Foreign accent and diacritical marks, 1997;12(1):42–43
Foreign accent marks. *See Diacritical and accent marks*
Fowler, H. W., 2005;20(4):187
Fowler's Modern English Usage, The New (3rd ed., rev. by R. W. Burchfield, Oxford University Press, 1998), 2002;17(1):38
Fractions
with hyphens as adjectives, 2000;15(3):46
and percentages in sentences, 2007; 22(4):199
Freelance, 1988;3(1):27, 1999;14(1):51
French language and addition of new words from foreign tongues, 1987;2(3):33

G

Gamut, gamete, 2005;20(1):35
Gems of mangled medical writing, 1991;6(1):32, 1991;6(3):31
Gender, sex, 1988;3(4):32, 1999;14(2):38–39, 2002;17(1):36–37
indiscriminate substitution of *gender* for *sex*, 1992;7(3):36–37
psychiatric, cultural differentiation, 1989;4(3):32
psychosexual, biological terminology, 1990;5(1):31–32
Gender-neutral pronouns, 1989;4(1):31–32, 1989;4(2):43
he, him, himself as generic pronouns, 1989;4(1):31–32
resources for gender-free terminology, 1987;2(2):16, 1993;8(2):75

Germ theory of disease. See Asimov, Isaac

Grammar. *See also* English usage

the and *a*, usage of, 2005;20(4):186

adjectival modifiers, compound, 1987;2(4):38, 1988;3(3):28

articles, definite and indefinite, 2005;20(4):186

dangling modifiers, 1987;2(5):28

described by Clark DeLeon, 1997;12(2):34

may, might, 1987;2(1):25

may, might, present and past tenses, 2003;18(3):124

nominative case: *this is he, she*, 1999;14(4):39, 2007; 22(3):138–139

objective case: *me, him, her*, 1999;14(4):39

possessive case before substantive participle, 2007; 22(4):198

predicate adjective modifying subject noun, 2007; 22(4):199

predicate adverb modifying verb, 2007; 22(4):199

sentence construction, multiple clauses, 1999;14(2):38

subjunctive mood, 2003;18(4):188

that, who, 2003;18(3):128, 2004;19(4):181

using, as participle, 1993;8(1):34–35

was, were, and subjunctive mood, 2003;18(4):188

words used as more than one part of speech, 1988;3(1):26–27

Greek letters

hyphenation and capitalization of, 1998;13(3):53–54

and hyphens in chemical names, 2004;19(2):35

H

Haemophilus influenzae, 1997;12(1):43

Harper's English Grammar, 1989;4(2):43

Have, do (have), 2001;16(2):36–37

He, him, himself as universal generic pronouns, 1989;4(1):31–32

Health, wellness, 1992;7(3):37, 1993;8(2):75

Health care, 1999;14(1):51, 2000;15(3):44–45

Health care professional, health care provider, terminology, 2008;23(4):189

Heart disease terminology, 1986;1(1):27–28

Herbal supplements, side effects of, 2001;16(3):34

Hip (Eddie's), broken in Vancouver, 1999;14(1):52

Hispanic, Latino; black, African American, 2005;20(2):96–97

Hispanic designation. *See also* Ethnicity, race, 1993;8(4):156

HMO (Health Maintenance Organization), 2008;23(4):189

Homographs

ravel, cleave, apparent, sanction, 1988;3(1):27

ravel deleted from list, 1989;4(4):32
scan, intimate, oversight, 1988;3(4):31
Homophobia, 1988;3(4):32
Honi soit qui mal y pense, Order of the Garter, 2003;18(3):126
Hopefully, importantly, other absolutes, 1987;2(4):37
Hyphens. *See also* Dashes
and or or instead, 2007;22(1):35
African-American, other population descriptions, 2005;20(2):96–97
to avoid ambiguity, 2002;17(2):37, 2004;19(4):179, 2005;20(3):140–141,
2005;20(4):187
and capitalization of Greek letters, 1998;13(3):53–54
with commonly used adjectival phrases, 1986;1(1):27
compound adjectival modifiers, adverbs ending in *-ly*, 1987;2(4):38
compound adjectives, 1997;12(3):38–39, 2000;15(2):40, 2001;16(4):45,
2006;21(4):171
disappearance of, *online*, 2001;16(1):41
doubly hyphenated expressions, 1990;5(3):47–48
in e-mail terminology, 1999;14(3):40, 2007; 22(4):198
in first names, citations using initials only, 1997;12(1):43
fractions as adjectives, 2000;15(3):46
great-niece, great-grandson, 1999;14(3):39–40
Greek letters in chemical names, 2004;19(2):35
HIV-infected, 2004;19(1):39
hyphenated verbs, 1988;3(1):26
and nouns as adjectives, 1986–87;1(2):34
with numerals, *-fold*, 1987;2(4):38
parts of a compound term, 2005;20(3):142–143
permeable, cell-permeable, 2005;20(1):35–36
progression of compound terms to a single word, 1995;10(2):102–103
-self, 2003;18(3):127
and slashes, 2006;21(3):125
three-part adjectives and ambiguity, 2004;19(1):38–39
trans, cis, 2007;22(2):89
unnecessary in unambiguous terms, 2000;15(3):45, 2003;18(2):85

I

-ic, -ical words, 1997;12(3):38
Idiom, dialect, regional terminology
a and *the*, 1993;8(4):155, 2005;20(4):186
a and *the*, nonnative speakers of English, 1997;12(1):44

abstractions, plural and singular, 2004;19(2):34
and, also, 1999;14(2):38
Dictionary of Contemporary Usage, Bergen and Cornelia Evans, 2008;23(3):141
die of, die from, 2001;16(2):36–37, 2003;18(1):25–26
doctors visits, 2004;19(1):38
homing in, honing, likely, different from, 2004;19(2):33–34
into, between, through the cracks, 1986;1(1):26–27
meet, meet with, 2003;18(3):124
nouns modifying nouns, 2003;16(3):32, 2004;19(1):37, 2008;23(3):141
opposites with the same meaning, 2000;15(4):45
prepositions, 2001;16(2):37–38
responsible for, 2005;20(3):143
that would be me, or I, 2007; 22(3):138–139
vehicle, vehicular, 2006;21(3):124
went missing, 2007; 22(4):198–199
I.e. (id est); e.g. (exempli gratia), 1991;6(1):32
Immunization, vaccination, 1991;6(2):40
Important, importantly, 1987;2(2):16
Impunity, 2004;19(4):180–181
In vivo, 1987;2(4):38
Incidence, prevalence, 2006;21(3):124–125
Index Medicus of the U. S. National Library of Medicine, 2002;17(2):37
Infection, infestation, 2001;16(4):43–44
Informed consent documents, simplified language, 1994;9(3):121–122
Informed consent documents and simplified language, 1995;10(1):47
Initialisms, acronyms, abbreviations, 2008;23(4):189–190
Inoculate, inject, 1998;13(1):43–44
Interestingly as an absolute construction, 2006;21(4):170
Italics
 publication names, initial-cap and italicization of, 1990;5(3):48
 trans, 2006;21(4):169
 trans and *cis*, 2007;22(2):89

J

Janus Headline of the Week

...*ducks query on interest rates; U. S. Grant...*, 1988;3(3):27

...*perch atop water tower...*, 1988;3(1):27

Janus words, 1988;3(1):27

Jargon. *See also* English usage and abuse

acuity, misuse of, 2001;16(4):44–45

Bill Bryson quotation, 1997;12(2):34
blinded study, masked assignment, 2004;19(2):33
relapse, recurrence, 2004;19(1):37–38
therapy failed, patient failed therapy, 2001;16(4):44
titrate, adjust, 2004;19(2):36

Jokes

aerial deer survey, 1994;9(2):80
Billie Burke and Dr. Mayo, 2003;18(4):192
book dedication to nagging wives, 1986–87;1(2):34
British navy ship and the lighthouse, 2003;18(4):192
Cary Grant, 1997;12(2):34
children's reports and the Bible, 2001;16(1):43
church newsletter, 1987;2(3):33
classified ads, 2000;15(1):39, 2000;15(3):47
college students' views of history, 2001;16(1):43–44
Elizabeth *Rex*, Queen of England, 1993;8(2):75
funnies from medical records, 1999;14(4):41
funnies from patients' charts, students' papers, 1999;14(3):41
gems of mangled medical writing, 1991;6(1):32, 1991;6(3):31
Hamlet's soliloquy on a voice recognition device, 1999;14(4):40–41
headlines, 1997;12(3):40
honi soit qui mal y pense, 1991;6(2):40
humor in manuscripts and headlines, 1989;4(1):32
humorous typos, 2002;17(2):38
job pharmed out to a freelance, 1993;8(2):75
Lauren Bacall with 12 fingers, 1988;3(3):27
limerick, 2002;17(1):40
medical definitions, 1994;9(1):36, 1994;9(3):123
metric measurements, 2003;18(2):85
names of towns, 2002;17(1):39
new foreign expressions, 2005;20(1):37
parody of *A Visit from Saint Nicholas*, 1999;14(1):52
Pope Sixtus IV, 2001;16(3):35
praise for Edie's book, 1991;6(4):38
prose, speaking, 2001;16(3):35
questions for usage mavens, 2000;15(3):47
semicolons, 1997;12(2):34
spelling checker poem: *Candidate for a Pullet Surprise*, 1994;9(2):80,
1994;9(4):172, 2008;23(2):87–88
statistics, 2005;20(3):143

telephone message, 2000;15(1):39
Journal articles, reprints and photocopies, 1993;8(3):113
Journal issues
journal names using *The*, 2002;17(4):60–61
theme issues and sponsored supplements, 2007; 22(4):199–200
Junk English, 2003;18(1):22–23

K

Kaiser, Henry J., 1989;4(2):44
Kaiser Permanente Medical Care Programs (KPMCP), 1989;4(4):31
Karolinska Institutet (Caroline Institute) of Sweden, 1989;4(2):43–44
Kill, sacrifice, euthanize, 1989;4(2):42, 1989;4(4):31–32, 1990;5(2):30–31,
1994;9(4):170
Kinematics, other *-ics* words, 2001;16(2):36

L

Laconic, origin, 2000;15(4):45
Language
Charles Berlitz, language and the bombing of Hiroshima and Nagasaki,
1987;2(1):25
simplified for informed consent forms, 1994;9(3):121–122, 1995;10(1):47
subliminal linguistic messages, 1996;11(1):48
weaselng, equivocation, 2008;23(4):189
Lapsus linguae, 2008;23(4):191
Latin words
brought into English, 1988;3(3):28, 2008;23(3):139
id est (i.e.), *exempli gratia (e.g.)*, 1991;6(1):32
singular and plural, 2002;17(3):35–36
Latino. *See also* Hispanic; Ethnicity, race; Racial and ethnic descriptions,
2005;20(2):96–97
Lectern, dias, podium, 2008;23(3):139
Lend, loan, 1987;2(2):16
Less, fewer, 1991;6(3):31–32, 1999;14(2):38–39, 2000;15(1):37–38,
2003;18(1):21–22, 2003;18(2):84
plural or singular verbs used with amounts, 1992;7(2):39
Letter salutations and sexist language, 1987;2(5):27–28, 1988;3(3):27,
1989;4(2):42–43
Life expectancy, 2003;18(1):23–24
Linguistics: particles, elements of structural linguistics, 1992;7(1):39
Longer, more, 2003;18(1):21–22

M

- Male/female, man/woman* terminology, 2002;17(1):36–37
Mamillary, mammillary, 2003:18(1):23
Masterful, masterly, 2005;20(4):186–187
Matching placebo, 2005;20(2):97
Matter as transitive verb, 2003:18(1):22–23
Mavens, *mavunim*, 2004;19(1):38–39
May, might, 1987;2(1):25
May, might, present and past tenses, 2003;18(3):124
Medical English Usage and Abusage, by Edith Schwager, x–216
Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) of the U. S. National Library of Medicine, 2002;17(2):37
Medium, media, bacterial cultures, 2007; 22(3):136
MEDLINE
 authors' names, necessary number of, 2008;23(3):140
 of the U. S. National Library of Medicine, 2002;17(2):37
Meet, meet with, 2003;18(3):124
Merriam-Webster's Medical Desk Dictionary, 2002;17(4):58
Miss, Ms., Mrs., Mr., honorifics, 1986;1(1):26
Mnemonic aids, *mn* words, 2008;23(4):189–190
More, longer, 2003:18(1):21–22
Mortality, fatality, morbidity, 1998;13(1):42

N

Names

- citation of, 2001;16(2):37–38, 2002;17(1):38
 hyphenated first names, citations using initials only, 1997;12(1):43
 order of in bylines, 1993;8(1):35–36
 surnames, 2001;16(4):46–47
Neither, nor, 1999;14(2):38–39
Neologisms
 cardioprotection, 2003;18(2):85
 cosmeceutical, nutraceutical, 2001;16(3):34
 new words from foreign tongues, 1987;2(3):33
 preflight, postflight, 2000;15(2):40
Netherlands, the, 1992;7(1):39–40
Netter, Frank, 2003:18(1):23
New York Times Manual of Style and Usage, The, 2001;16(1):40
Nominative case, 1999;14(4):39, 2007; 22(3):138–139
Nonnative speakers of English, 1993;8(3):113

Nouns

- collective nouns, 2001;16(3):33
- formed from adjectives, 2008;23(3):141
- kinematics*, *-ics* words, 2001;16(2):36
- of multitude, 2003;18(4):192
- nouns modifying nouns, 2004;19(1):37, 2008;23(3):141
- pharmacokinetics*, other nouns taking singular or plural verbs, 2000;15(3):43–44
- remit* as noun, 2004;19(2):34
- singular or plural, 2003;18(2):84–85

Nude mice

- asking about, 1986;1(1):28
- development of, 1987;2(1):24–25
- importance to research, 1986–87;1(2):32–33

Numerals

- at the beginning of sentences, 2003;18(3):125
 - spelled out in text, 2003;18(1):26–27, 2006;21(1):34–35
- Nursing mother*, *nursing infant*, 1999;14(4):40

O

- Obesity and overweight, 1993;8(3):114–115, 1993;8(4):154–155
- Objective case, 1999;14(4):39
- Octothorp* and thin spaces, 2008;23(1):33, 2008;23(3):141
- O.d. and confusion, 1998;13(2):52–53
- Of, for*, 2002;17(1):37
- ologies*, misuse of, 2001;16(1):40–41
- Online*, 2000;15(3):43
- Online and Web references in the *AMA Manual of Style*, 2009;24(2):86–87
- Only* as adjective and as adverb, 2002;17(3):36–37
- Ophthalmology, 2009;24(2):86
- Order of the Garter, 2003;18(3):126
- Os, ora; os, ossa*, 2000;15(3):46
- OTC, over the counter. *See also* Citations, 2002;17(4):59
- Otic, otologic, otoscopic signs, 2003;18(3):127
- Outcome*, action or process, 2001;16(1):41–42
- Outcome* refers to an action or process, not a patient, 2001;16(3):32
- Oxymoron*, *oxymora*, 2001;16(3):35

P

- Page numbering of advertisements in journals, 1986;1(1):27, 1986–87;1(2):33–34
- Paramedic, Emergency Medical Technician, 2002;17(2):36

Paramedic and EMT (Emergency Medical Technician), 2002;17(4):57–58
Parenthetic expressions and verbs, 1991;6(2):39–40
Parody of *A Visit from Saint Nicholas*, 1999;14(1):52
Particles, elements of structural linguistics, 1992;7(1):39
Passim, 2008;23(1):32
Pasteur, Louis, 1997;12(2):34
Pathologic, pathological. *See also* Vestigial tails of adjectives, 2007; 22(3):137
Patients
 develop, patients and disease conditions, 2006;21(1):35
 disease names to describe patients, 127, 2004;19(3):126, 2004;19(4):181,
 2005;20(2):95–96
 outcome, action or process, not a patient, 2001;16(1):41–42
 randomized, 1994;9(2):79–80
 therapy failed, *patient failed therapy*, 2001;16(4):44
Ped–, pod– words: pedagogue, pediatrics, pedigree, podiatry, 2008;23(3):139
Percents, percentages and fractions in sentences, 26–27, 2001;16(2):37–38,
 2003;18(1):21–22, 2007;22(4):199
 fewer than, *less than*, 1991;6(3):31–32, 1992;7(2):39, 1999;14(2):38–39
 figures and graphs, legends for, 1993;8(3):113
 percent symbol or spelled out, 1986;1(1):26
Periods used in abbreviations, 126–127, 1994;9(1):34–35, 1994;9(2):79,
 2002;17(2):34, 2003;18(3):125
Pharmacokinetics, 2000;15(3):43–44, 2004;19(3):127–128
Phosphorous, phosphorus, 2009;24(2):86
Pinyin (Chinese transcription) designations, spellings, 1989;4(2):44
Placebo, matching, 2005;20(2):97
Plurals
 abstractions, 2000;15(3):46, 2002;17(3):38, 2004;19(2):34
 agreement of verbs and nouns, 2001;16(4):45–46, 2003;18(3):128,
 2003;18(4):189–190, 2004;19(1):36, 2005;20(1):36, 2007;22(2):88–89
 apostrophes, with plurals, 2001;16(1):40, 2007; 22(2):87
 bacteria, 2001;16(2):36–37
 data, *media*, 2002;17(3):35–36
 half-life periods, 2000;15(3):47
 nouns modifying nouns, 2004;19(1):37
 a number and plural verb, 2003;18(3):128, 2005;20(1):36
 os, *ora*; *os*, *ossa*, 2000;15(3):46
 staff, *staffs*, *staves*, 2001;16(3):32
 tolerance, 1989;4(3):31
Podium, *dias*, *lectern*, 2008;23(3):139

Possessive case before substantive participle
him (his) having finished, 2007; 22(4):198

Possessives in eponyms, 2004;17(4):57

Post as preposition, 2003;18(4):191–192

Postal codes. *See also* ZIP codes, 2006;21(2):80

Precipitous, precipitate, 2002;17(4):58–59

Predicate adjective modifying subject noun, 2007; 22(4):199

Predicate adverb modifying verb, 2007; 22(4):199

Prefix *in-* negates or intensifies meaning; other spatial and privative prefixes,
2008;23(2):87

Preflight, postflight, 2000;15(2):40

Prepositional adverbs, 1991;6(4):39–40

Prepositions
at the end of sentences, 1991;6(1):32, 1992;7(2):39–40
for, from, in, of, 2001;16(2):37–38
for, in, of, on, to, 2004;19(3):128
for, to, 2001;16(4):46
to misuse of, controversy over prepositions, 2008;23(3):139–140
with or *to* after *compliance*, 2008;23(4):190–191
post as preposition, 2003;18(4):191–192

Prevalence, incidence, 2006;21(3):124–125

Prior to, before, 2003;18(4):192

Privacy and e-mail addresses, 2006;21(2):80

Probability (*P*) values, and zero preceding a decimal point in, 2009;24(2):85

Professional nomenclature, *health care professional vs. health care provider, HMO*, 2008;23(4):189

Profound, as medical adjective, 2006;21(1):36

Pronunciation
a and *the*, 2008;23(2):88, 2008;23(3):139
a and *an* before vowels, 2005;20(4):186
atrophy, 2008;23(1):31
British *derby* and *clerk*, 1993;8(4):156
elision of words, 2007; 22(3):136
-ough, pronunciation of, 2004;19(4):180
Wednesday, pronunciation of, 2007; 22(3):136

Pruritus, 2009;24(2):86

Pulitzer Prize. *See Pullet Surprise*

Pullet Surprise, 1994;9(2):80, 1994;9(4):172, 2008;23(2):87–88

Punctuation. *See also* Apostrophes; Commas; Quotation marks
Chinese translators and punctuation, 2008;23(2):86–87

colon and semicolon in one sentence, 1998;13(2):52
commas, 2007; 22(3):136–137
decimals, necessity of, 1998;13(2):52–53
inside or outside quotation marks, 1991;6(1):31, 1992;7(1):39, 1999;14(4):40
 British or American punctuation, 1991;6(4):38
of partial sentence to denote exclamation, 1991;6(3):30

Q

Quantities, comparison of, 1990;5(2):31–32, 1990;5(3):47

Quotation marks, American style, 1991;6(1):31

Quotations

Ade, George, 2001;16(3):35
Aristophanes, 1996;11(2):68
Asher, Richard, 2003;18(1):27
Asimov, Isaac, 1996;11(1):49, 1997;12(2):34
Banks, George, 2002;17(4):61
Barzun, Jacques, 1995;10(2):103–104, 2002;17(4):62
Beaumont and Fletcher, *Love's Cure*, 1647, 2001;16(3):33
Beerbohm, Sir Max, 2009;24(2):87
Bernard, Claude, 1996;11(1):49
Berra, Yogi (Lawrence Peter), 1993;8(4):156, 1994;9(1):36, 2002;17(3):39
brevity: the soul of wit, science and, sometimes, chutzpah (brief quotes),
 2000;15(4):45–46
Bryce, James, 1996;11(1):50
Bryson, Bill, 1997;12(2):34
Carey, Art, 1997;12(3):40
Cassel, Andrew, 2000;15(2):42
Castaneda, Carlos, 1998;13(1):44
Chandler, Raymond, 2001;16(3):35
Churchill, Winston, 1991;6(1):32, 1992;7(2):39–40, 2002;17(1):39
Cohen, Richard, 1997;12(3):40
Confucius, 2003;18(4):192
Coolidge, Calvin, 2001;16(3):35
Costain, Thomas, 1996;11(1):49
DeLeon, Clark, 1997;12(2):34
Disraeli, Benjamin, 2001;16(3):35
Doyle, Sir Arthur Conan, 2009;24(2):87
Emerson, Ralph Waldo, 1996;11(1):49, 2009;24(2):87
Erasmus, Desiderius, 1996;11(2):68
famous last words, 2001;16(2):38

Farmers' Almanac, 2003;18(1):27
Flaubert, Gustave, 1988;3(1):27
Follett, Wilson, 2003;18(1):27
Foote, Tim, 1996;11(1):49
Freud, Sigmund, 1996;11(1):49
Galbraith, John Kenneth, 2002;17(3):40
Gibbs, Wolcott, 1991;6(1):32, 1992;7(2):40
Goldwyn, Samuel, 2002;17(3):40
Harris, Sydney J., 2002;17(3):40, 2002;17(4):61
Hazlitt, William, 1997;12(2):34
Holmes, Sr., Oliver Wendell, 1997;12(2):34, 2009;24(2):87
Horace (Quintus Horatius Flaccus), 2002;17(4):62
Houssay, Bernardo, 2009;24(2):87
Italian proverb, 2009;24(2):87
Jensen, Joyce, 2000;15(2):42
Juvenal, 2002;17(3):40
Kahn, Alfred, 1996;11(2):68
King and Emperor Sigismund, 2001;16(3):35, 2007; 22(3):139
Law, Vernon Sanders, 1997;12(3):40
Leake, Chauncey D., 1996;11(1):50
Lilly, Eli, 2003;18(1):27
Lucretius, 1987;2(2):16
Maimonides (Moses ben Maimon), 2007; 22(3):139
Martial (Marcus Valerius Martialis), 1988;3(1):27
Martin, Steve, 2000;15(2):41, 2002;17(4):62
Marx, Groucho, 2002;17(1):39
Matthew (Bible), 1988;3(4):32
Meir, Golda, 1997;12(2):34
Meir, Golda and Henry Kissinger, 2002;17(4):62
Michelangelo Buonarroti, 1992;7(2):40
Miz Malaprop, 2002;17(3):40
Molière (Jean Baptiste Poquelin), 2007; 22(3):139
Newman, Edwin, 2002;17(4):62
Nightingale, Florence, 1996;11(1):49
Opdycke, John B., 2007; 22(3):139
Osler, William, 1996;11(1):50, 2000;15(2):42
Ozick, Cynthia, 1996;11(1):50
Parker, Dorothy, 2001;16(3):35
Pauling, Linus, 2009;24(2):87
P.D.Q. Bach, 2007; 22(3):139

Pei, Mario, 2003;18(1):27
Pfizer, Beryl, 1997;12(3):40
Pope, Alexander, 2000;15(3):47, 2001;16(1):41, 2002;17(3):38
Publilius Syrus, Roman poet, 1996;11(1):49
Rockefeller, John D., 1996;11(1):50
Rosenfeld, Morris, 1996;11(1):50
Rosten, Leo, 1996;11(1):50
Safire, William, 1987;2(3):33, 1987;2(4):37
Sellar, W. C., 2003;18(1):27
Shakespeare, William, 2001;16(3):35
Shaw, George Bernard, 1996;11(2):68, 2000;15(2):42, 2002;17(1):39,
2003;18(1):27
Terence (Publius Terentius Afer), 2007; 22(3):139
Thoreau, Henry David, 1996;11(2):68
Twain, Mark (Samuel Langhorne Clemens), 1988;3(1):26, 1990;5(4):28,
2002;17(2):38
van Dyke, Henry, 1997;12(2):34
Weeks, Edward, 1988;3(1):27
Wells, H. G., 1988;3(1):27
Wilde, Oscar, 1989;4(4):32, 2002;17(2):38, 2002;17(4):62, 2009;24(2):87
writers, from, 2004;19(2):36
writing, comments on, 1995;10(1):48

R

Racial and ethnic descriptions. *See also* Ethnicity, race

Bureau of the Census designations, 1993;8(4):156, 1997;12(2):32–33,
2003;18(4):189–191

Hispanic, Latino; black, African American, 2005;20(2):96–97

Randomizable, evaluable, 1991;6(4):38

Randomized, 1994;9(2):79–80, 2003;18(3):125–126

Rates and percentages using *among*, *in* and *for*, 2001;16(2):37–38

Red, *carmine red*, *cherry red*, other colors, 1996;11(2):68

Redundancy, tautology, 2001;16(4):42, 2003;18(1):21–22, 2003;18(2):83

Reference sources used by Edie Schwager, 2005;20(3):142

Reflexive pronouns, 1991;6(1):32

Regulatory impact on word usage, 2007; 22(3):138

Relapse, 2002;17(3):35

Relapse, relapsing, 2004;19(1):37–38

REM (rapid eye movements) and RBD (REM behavioral disorder), multiple-order
abbreviations, 1992;7(2):38–39

Remeasure, 2002;17(1):39

Remission, patients and disease, 2004;19(3):127

Remit as noun, 2004;19(2):34, 2004;19(4):180

Reports

blinded study, masked assignment, 2004;19(2):33

otic, otologic, otoscopic signs, 2003;18(3):127

Responsible for, 2005;20(3):143

Résumé, 1999;14(3):39

Rhythm

editorial judgment, 2005;20(2):95

and flow in good writing, 1995;10(2):103–104

Risk factors and specificity in editing medical manuscripts, 1998;13(3):53

Risk of, risk for, 2000;15(4):45, 2001;16(2):37–38, 2004;19(4):180,
2005;20(3):141, 2006;21(3):126–127

Rx, Rx's, drugs, medication, prescription, 1992;7(3):37

S

Sacrifice. *See* Animals

Safire, William and prepositional adverbs, 1991;6(4):39–40

Salient, 2006;21(1):36

salient and relevant in psychology, 2006;21(3):125–126

Schwager, Edie

Edie's hip, broken in Vancouver, 1999;14(1):52

Edie's speech on receiving the Swanberg Award, 1987;2(1):5–6

Edie's thank-you article describing the origin of the column and love for
AMWA, 1990;5(3):25

Love Letters [from past presidents] to Our Former Editor Edie, 1986;1(1):24–25

Medical English Usage and Abuse, x–216

praise for Edie's "red" book, 1991;6(4):38

reference sources, 2005;20(3):142

Schwager's first law, 2003;18(1):27

Yale-New Haven Hospital Workshop students' letter, 2008;23(1):33

Seek, 2002;17(2):37

Selected group of research subjects, 1991;6(3):30

Self, as reflexive or intensive, 2003;18(3):127

Sentence construction, multiple clauses, 1999;14(2):38

Sex, gender. *See* Gender, sex

Sexist language

letter salutations, sexist language, 1987;2(5):27–28

letter salutations and sexist language, 1988;3(3):27, 1989;4(2):42–43

male/female, man/woman terminology, 1989;4(2):42, 2002;17(1):36–37
Miss, Ms., Mrs., Mr. honorifics, 1986;1(1):26
Shall, will, 2006;21(4):171
Shaw, G. B. and English pronunciation, 2005;20(2):97
Sherlock Holmes's hat, a deerstalker, 2001;16(3):35
Sic
 misuse of, 2008;23(3):140
 use of, replaced by footnote, 1989;4(3):31
Side effects. See Adverse events, adverse effects, side effects
Since, because, 1988;3(4):31
Singular nouns in construction, with singular or plural verbs, 2000;15(3):43–44
Singular or plural verbs
 abstractions, singular and plural, 2000;15(3):46
 agreement of verbs and nouns, 2001;16(4):45–46, 2003;18(3):128,
 2004;19(1):36, 2005;20(1):36, 2007;22(2):88–89
Slashes
 avoid using, 1989;4(1):31, 2006;21(3):125
 or instead, 2007;22(1):35
Spaces before and after symbols, 2002;17(3):38, 2008;23(1):33
Spelling and misspelling
 in advertising, 1997;12(3):40
 Hoffmann-LaRoche, m el e, 2000;15(2):41
 words misspelled, or spelled in British style, 2002;17(1):38–39
State name abbreviations. *See also* Postal codes; ZIP codes, 2006;21(2):80
Statistics
 clinical and statistical significance, 2004;19(3):127, 2008;23(2):86
 quartile, tertile, percentile, centile and *decile*, 2004;19(1):37
Style, setting house style, 2000;15(2):39–40, 2002;17(2):34–35
Style manuals
 *AMA Manual for Authors and Editors: Editorial Style and Manuscript
 Preparation* (7th ed., 1981), 1990;5(1):31
 American Medical Association Manual of Style (8th ed., 1989), 1990;5(1):31
 American Medical Association Manual of Style (9th ed., 1998), 2003;18(1):21
 in-house vs. journalism styles, 2002;17(2):33–34
 New York Times Manual of Style and Usage, 1999;14(4):40, 2001;16(1):40
Subjunctive mood, 2003;18(4):188
Subtract, subtract, 2002;17(4):60
Suffixes
 -ic, -ical words, 1997;12(3):38
 kinematics, other *-ics* words. *See also* Singular nouns, 2001;16(2):36

Suffragists, 2000;15(1):39
Suggestive of, suspicious for, 2006; 21(4):170, 2007; 22(2):87–88, 2008;23(3):141
Superscript and subscript, how to turn off default, 2001;16(3):34–35

Superscript numbers

Handling Superscripts and Subscripts on Your Computer, 2002;17(1):39
misuse, 2000;15(2):40
placement of, 2004;19(3):129
Surgery, operation, 2000;15(3):45

Symbols

diacritical and accent marks, 1997;12(1):42–43
dingbats (typographic symbols), 2000;15(4):44
names of, 2000;15(4):44, 2001;16(4):42–43, 2006;21(2):78
registry circle, 2000;15(2):42
spaces before and after, 2002;17(3):38, 2008;23(1):33
Synergy, additive effect, 2000;15(1):38

T

Tautology, redundancy, 2001;16(4):42, 2003;18(1):21–22, 2003;18(2):83
Tendinitis, tendonitis, 1994;9(3):122
Text format on CD label, layout decisions, 2006;21(4):170–171

That

ambiguity, 2005;20(3):141
needed, 2003;18(2):83
use when needed, 2003;18(4):189
and *who*, 2003;18(3):128, 2004;19(4):181
The, pronunciation of, 2008;23(3):139
The and *a*, usage of, 1993;8(4):155, 2005;20(4):186
The as part of business name, 1995;10(2):103
The in journal names, 1999;14(3):40, 2002;17(4):60–61
The number and singular verb, 2005;20(1):36
They and *their*, gender-neutral singulars, 1993;8(2):74–75
Timeline, time line, table vs. schedule, 2002;17(1):39

Titration, incorrect use, 1994;9(2):79–80

To, too, two, 1987;2(3):32

Toward, 2003;18(3):124

Track, tract, *pin track infection*, 1994;9(3):122

Track or tract, in *pin track infection*, 1995;10(1):46–47

Trade proprietary names, capitalization of, 1990;5(4):27–28

Trademark Checklist and Trademarks: The Official Media Guide
description, 1991;6(2):39

ordering information, 1991;6(3):32
Trans, cis and italics, 2006;21(4):169, 2007;22(2):89
Trivia, seria, significata, 1990;5(4):27
Trivium, trivia, quadrivium, quadrivia, 1991;6(3):31–32
Trousers, singular or plural?, 2001;16(3):35
Type of, singular and plural, 2001;16(3):33
Typographic symbols. *See* Dingbats
Typography and British or American punctuation, 1991;6(4):38

U

U. S. National Library of Medicine, 2002;17(2):37
Ubiquitin and ubiquitinate, 2004;19(2):35
Uglification, 1987;2(4):37–38
Uppercase, lowercase letters in company names, 2006;21(2):79–80
USP Dictionary of USAN and International Drug Names, 2002;17(3):38

V

Vaccination, immunization, 1991;6(2):40
Vehicle, vehicular, 2006;21(3):124
Verbophile, verbiphile, verbivore, 2000;15(2):41
Verbs
 abstractions, plural and singular verbs, 2000;15(3):46
 agreement of subject and verb, 2005;20(1):36, 2007;22(2):88–89
 with the "one that [or who]" clause, 1992;7(1):40
 with parenthetical expressions, 1991;6(2):39–40
 author as verb, 1990;5(2):30
 barbarisms, laziness, ignorance, 2003;18(1):22–23
 compound verbs, prepositional adverbs, 1991;6(4):39–40, 1992;7(1):39
 forms of *to be*, 2004;19(3):128–129
 hyphenated verbs, compound verbs, 1988;3(1):26–27
 matter as transitive verb, 2003;18(1):22–23
 one of the, 1990;5(2):31
 plural or singular verbs used with amounts, *less, fewer*, 1992;7(2):39
 singular and *-ics* nouns with singular or plural verbs, 2000;15(3):43–44
 singular or plural, 2003;18(2):84–85, 2003;18(4):189–190, 2004;19(1):36,
 2004;19(4):128
 would, will, 2004;19(1):39
Vestigial tails of adjectives, 138, 1997;12(3):38, 2007; 22(3):137
Via, by means of, 2007;22(1):35
Virgule. *See* Slashes

von, in German authors' names, 2008;23(3):140

W

Warts, perineal and vulvar fulguration, typos, 1987;2(1):25

Washington Post contest, 2003;18(3):128

Web and Online references in the *AMA Manual of Style*, 2009;24(2):86–87

Web site, World Wide Web, 1999;14(1):51, 2005;20(1):37

Web site addresses, references to, 2006;21(2):78–79

Webster's Third New International Dictionary of the English Language, Unabridged (Webster's Third), 2001;16(4):43, 2002;17(1):38

Wednesday, pronunciation of, 2007; 22(3):136

Wellness, health, 1992;7(3):37, 1993;8(2):75

Were, also, 2003;18(2):84–85

Were, was and the subjunctive mood, 2003;18(4):188

Who, whom, 2003;18(2):85

Who and *that*, 2003;18(3):128

Whose, 1993;8(4):154

Wikipedia, 2006;21(4):169–170

Word of the Day, 2005;20(4):186–187

Word order, 2003;18(2):84

Words

attendee, *ee* word endings, 2002;17(2):37–38

back-formations, *edit, evaluate*, 2001;16(1):42

birth, delivery, attend, 1996;11(1):48

echt words, 1990;5(4):27

misspelled

ophthalmology, *pruritus*, 2009;24(2):86

spelled in British style, 2002;17(1):38–39

regulatory impact of word usage, 2007; 22(3):138

spelling differences in U. S. English, 2008;23(2):86

words used as more than one part of speech, 1988;3(1):26–27

Words, derivations of

cancer, carcinoma, 2002;17(2):35–36

euthanasia, euthanize, 1994;9(4):170

laconic, 2000;15(4):45

miniature, 1996;11(2):68

Words, pronunciation of

the and *a*, pronunciation of, 2008;23(2):88

atrophy, 2008;23(1):31

elision of words, 2007; 22(3):136

a or *an* before vowels, 2005;20(4):186

-ough, pronunciation of, 2004;19(4):180

Wednesday, 2007; 22(3):136

Words into Type, 2001;16(3):33

Words to live—and write—by, 1995;10(1):48

Would, will, 2004;19(1):39

Writing

ambiguity, 2006;21(2):79

burning need for a deeper communication with fellow human beings,
2002;17(2):38

clarity, 2003;18(2):84–85

redundancies, 2003;18(2):83

serious writing, *common parlance*, the lazy choice, 1994;(2):78–79

Y

Yale-New Haven Hospital Workshop students' letter, 2008;23(1):33

Z

Zero preceding a decimal point in probability (*P*) values, 2009;24(2):85

ZIP codes. *See also* Postal codes; State name abbreviations, 1988;3(4):32,
1993;8(1):36, 1998;13(2):53, 2006;21(2):80